there is a disposition to sacrifice a large

licenses to ordinaries, coffee houses, and wholesale and retail liquor houses.

like the present, when we have just re-solved to add one hundred thousand dol-

crease of revenue thus obtained. If this is done, the deficiency must be

es named amounted last year to over \$31,000, as against about \$14,000 the

The Wheeling Intelligencer.

# The Intelligencer. By Telegraph BEECHER TRIAL

Reducing the Licenses.

Judging from the drift of things in the second Branch of Council last night, ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

lars to the city debt, is something that most people will be puzzled to under-

shall seek to help all weak and struggling Churches, to promote the freedom of Church action together and disseminate information concerning the Church at large, to commend the Presbyterian system as combining simplicity, efficiency and adaption to all times and conditions; shall entertain all subjects directly concerned with the work of evangelization as following the peace of the Churches and the distribution of mission work; the combination of Church energies, especially in reference to the great cities and destitute districts; religious instruction for the policy, and have again, after a long stop, the iron market is to greater firmness Cleveland and other points, and it is not the impolicy of any concealment of postal

except on a motion made at one meeting of the Council and carried by a two-thirds

race horse, Kentucky, died on Long Island last night.
Rev. Dr. John Hall's old church, on the corner of Fifth Avenue and 19th St., has been sold for \$200,000.
Elections for Sachems of the Tammany Society, resulted in a complete triumph for John Kölley, democratic chieftain.

For the Gulf States, Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, light rains and partly cloudy weather, easterly to southerly winds, rising harometer and lower temperature east of the Mississippi river.

For the Upper Lake Region and Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri Valleys, increasing cloudiness, easterly to southerly winds, falling barometer, slowly rising temperature during Wednesday and rain in Missouri and Iowa.

For New England and the Middle States, generally clear and cooler weather, with brisk north to west winds and rising barometer.

barometer.
For the Lower Lake Region, cold and generally clear weather, northerly winds shifting to the easterly and southeasterly and a rising barometer during the night.
The Missouri and Ohio Rivers will fall

number of invited guests are on board.

The Grand Lodge of the Knights of Pythias are also in session here. The various Lodges of the State are well repre-

WASHINGTON, April 20.—Among later I rumors of eabinet changes is one to the effect that Atjorney-General Williams / will soon retire from his present position, c Ille does not absolutely deny the truth of it lie does not absolutely deny the truth of it he may before long engage in other purious. Some of his most intimate friends at the end of the present fiscal year, if not sooner.

Commissioner Ingersoll to-day held ex-Commissioner ingerson of complicity in mail francs, in \$2,500 ball to await the action of the grand jury.

## Spielde.

Prinsumon, April 20.—Jacob Hayes, aged 65 years, an old citizen of this county, and a resident of Fairhaven, a few miles from this city, committed suicide by hanging. Mental derangement the supposed cause.

TO THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

## Night Dispatches.

Constitution of the Presbyterian Confederation.

New York, April 20.—The committee appointed to prepare a draft constitution for the proposed confederation of Presbyterian churches to be considered at the meeting at London July 21st, submitted the same at the meeting to-day. The following draft was adopted:

It is agreed to form a Presbyterian alliance to meet in general council from time to time in order to manifest the mearness of the churches and combine them in futhering the great ends for which the church was instituted, it being understood that the Presbyterian churches in this uniting do not mean to separate from the other churches which hold to Christ, but will be ready to join them in christian followship and in promoting the cause of the Redeemer.

ARTICLE I. This alliance shall be called the Confederation of Reformed Churches, holding to the Presbyterian system.

ARTIL The bond of autom is Christ.

Churches, holding to the Presbyterian system,

ART, II. The bond of union is Christ and the Scriptures of the old and new testament. Any church can, by its supreme court, obtain admission to the Confederation on submitting its creed and being admitted by a vote of the General Council. The creed must be in conformity with the Reformed Churches.

ART. III. The Consultation Council shall consist of delegates appointed by the churches joining the Confederation, the number from each church being regulatiated by a plan sauctioned by the Council and proceeding on the principle of the number from each church halvays consisting of an equal number of ministers and elders. The Council may on recommendation of the Committee on Overture, choose associates not delegates and invite them to sit and deliberate.

Riverside Company have acted on this

Railroad Thieves Captured. any ane police tracked the thieves, and last night arrested four. To-day four more were arrested, among them a merchant by the name of Kratli, who had been selling the stolen property from his store. The others were railroad employes, with the exception of one, a farmer living several miles south of the city, who would pick up the various packages of goods as they were thrown from the train and hant them into the city. The gang was well organized, and had been carrying on its depredations for several months. A large quantity of the stolen goods, consisting of barrels of whisky and sugar, boxes of tobacco, boots and shoes, &c., were recovered.

The Cold Weather and the Frence Court for the city of Mrs. Tilton in th

carrying on its depredations for several months. A large quantity of the stolengods, consisting of barrels of whisky and sugar, boxes of tobacco, boots and shoes. Ac., were recovered.

The Cold Weather and the Fruit. CLEVELAND, O., April 20.—The cold weather of the peat few days has dougreat damage to the fruit throughout this section. The peaches are reported nearly all killed and the apples suffer considerably. The wheat crop is injured but slightly.

SESUMED OPERATIONS.
The iron mills at Newburg resumed operations to-day. The pudders who have been on a strike all winter have returned to work, accepting Pittsburgh prices.

Maried East and West.

OMAIIA, April 20.—All the enat-bound passengers, mails and baggage that have been delayed at Rock Springs for the last few days started east from that point at 1 o'clock to-day. The trains with west-bound passengers that have been laying at Rawlins have been started west for Green River.

Telegraphic communication has been interrupted since 2 o'clock by severe itall storm, and nothing further is known of the situation than that the water is falling and everything looks well.

The Nituation at Pottsville.

Perrsyllar, Pa, April 20.—A meeting of the Executive Board of Miners and Laborers' Benevolent Association has been called to convene at Pottsville on been called to convene at Pottsville on been called to convene at Pottsville on the called to convene at

PRITAVILLE, PA., April 20.—A meeting of the Executive Board of Miners and Laborers' Benevolent Association has been called to convene at Pottaville on April 22d, when the question will be discussed and voted upon, whether to continue the strike or not. It is impossible to predict the result at this time, though it is generally conceded that if left to a direct vote of the miners there would be a resumption of work immediately.

in a general way, he did not charge me with the offense before; he stated that his wife charged me.

Mr. Fullerton read from the direct testimony of the witness stating that Tilton charged him with making improper proposals to his wife.

Witness—This is not true; I regarded the word charge as synonymous to the term declare, and it was so used in this sense; while Tilton narrated the manner in which the charges and been told by his wife; I did not make the charges against me known then because Moulton did not wish them to be made public; Moulton's whole conduct was that of a man who believed in my innocence of the charges of improper proposals; we never had a word together on the subject, nor did I ask for his opinion about them.

Mr. Fullerton read from the letter written by witness February 5, 1872, in which the writer spoke of a keen suspicion running through his life. The witness said this suspicion referred to the manner in which men would regard his moral conduct.

Fexpected to clear myself by silence,

Q. Have you not seen the check? A. No, sir.
Q. Have you not seen a statement of the amount and object of the check? A. I don't know as I recollect.
Q. Is this one of the checks you gave to Moulton? A. Yes.
Q. What occurred previous to giving that check which resulted in your giving it? A. He said to me in substance that the term bills of Bessie Turner, who was at school in the West, were due, and that it would be embarrassing to Tilton to have to meet them in his state of affairs; that he himself had expended a great deal of money, and he thought it would be a very kind thing if I would pay it. I told him I would do it with pleasure. That was the substance of the representation.
Q. Well, did you ask him at that time

Q. Had anything taken place between you and Moulton prior to that date on the subject of advancing money? A. I only recollect one thing, and that was prior to that he had spoken about a mortgage on Tilton's house, and said that he thought it ought to be raised, that Tilton would be willing to settle the house then upon his wife. I told him whenever anything of that kind was undertaken by the friends of Tilton I wanted to be counted in, I wanted to do my share.

Q. Is that all that occurred between you and Moulton prior to the subject of this check in 1871? A. All that I recollect.

Q. You were quite willing to give that check? A. Very willing and another like it.

was any duty resting on you? A. None at all.
Q. You did it freely? A. I did it freely.
Q. And that was the ground upon which you did it? A. That was the ground.
Q. Well you didn't regard that as black-mailing then? A. No.1 didn't.
Q. Ile told you distinctly what it was for, I understand you? A. I knew what it was for; understand you? A. I knew what it was for; we didn't go into any considerable conversation about it; it didn't take three minutes.

Q. And had there been no suggestion on your part, no arrangement, no time that you were to contribute to the wants or interests of Tilton? A. I think not, except in regard to the first, that is the mortgage on his house; there may have been, but I don't recollect anything.

Q. Didn't you suggest to him generally that if Tilton wanted assistance you were willing to render it? A. I did at some part of the interviews.

Q. Dan't you think you did that pretty early in the history of the difficulty? A. That I can't say.

Q. What is your best judgment of the subject—what do you think? A. I have a general recollection only of these two cases.

Q. But ngain I sak you whether or not.

Q. Hat did you reply? A. That I would be willing to stand in my place and om y part?

Q. Yes? A. Oh, yes, sir. I was very prompt in that.

Q. Was there any intimation of any you whether the subject—what do you think? A. I have a general recollection only of these two cases.

Q. But ngain I sak you whether or not.

Q. Hat did you reply? A. That I and you have a will do you reply? A. That I all you have the place and on you? A. Of co-operation?

Q. Yes? A. Oh, yes, sir. I was very prompt in that.

Q. Was there any intimation of any you will do you reply? A. That I all you reply? A. That I all you reply? A. That I all you have you?

A. Of co-operation?

Q. Yes? A. Oh, yes, sir. I was very prompt in that.

Q. Was there any intimation of any you will you would be the right thing if Tilton's friends would do it.

Q. Hat did you reply? A. That I all you will be willing to stand in my place and on your like you would be willing to stand in my place and on your like you would be willing to stand in my place and on your like you would be willing to subject to him you have you will you would be the right that he could persuade Tilton to do it.

Ye what did you reply? A. That I all you would be the right that he could persuade Tilton to did you reply? A. That I all you would be the right you would be the right you would be the right you would be you ha

Q. When giving the first check in June and the check in November, was there anything said by Moulton to you with reference to the fact of the condition of Titton? A. I was gone away from town most of the time between, but I thon't recollect that there was anything said in the period of time that intervened.

Q. Was nothing said in the interim upon the subject of the condition? A. Not that I know of.

Q. What was said before you advanced that money? A. Nothing except that he

that money? A. Nothing except that he merely said he had got another time bill, and would like me to give him some pe-

Q. And you gave him a check. A. I

P. And the circumstances attending other. Q. Have you the notes he wrote you

other.

Q. Have you the notes he wrote you? A. I think there is one in evidence.

Q. (showing paper) Is that one of the notes written you in regard to that subject? A. Yes sir.

Q. Did you understand at the time of for what this money was intended? A. Yes, I supposed it was to be for the education of Bessle Turner.

Q. Subsequently to the giving of the check, November 10, 1871, and up to the time of writing this letter of October 21, 1872, had anything passed between you and Moulton on the subject of advances to Tilton? A. I presume there had, I is can't locate; I gave him money in currencey at different times.

Q. Under what circumstances and you give him money in currence? A. Well, under the same circumstances motamilatly, that the time had come around for another bill.

Q. What was the largest amount you gave in currency. A. I don't recall, and I could not recall.

Q. Uthink you mentioned the sum of \$500 you gave him at one time? A. Well I suspect I did not mention it as the positive sum, but my impression was about that.

Q. Was there any bills of Bessle Tur-

that time.
Q. Was not there any auggestion that you should contribute? A. No, sir.
Q. Well, how was the subject of the question brought up? It never was brought up until 1 had accomplished it. Q. I am speaking about the mortgage on Tilton's House? A. Oh, I beg pardon; I thought you referred to the mortgage on my house.

ed simply that it was an act of kind-s, and that Tilton's friends ought to

subject—what do you think? A. I have would be pleasant it you would as govern recollection only of these two cases.

Q. But again I ask you whether or not you didn't at an early day of this difficulty suggest to Moulton that you would assist it a sasistance was required? A. I don't think I did, except in the instance here mentioned in regard to the mortgage on his house and before the giving of the check in June, 1871.

Q. Don't you think you made some suggestion about assistance? A. I don't remember that I did; it would be quite possible that I did.

Q. Well, when were you called upon the second time? A. The second check I find mentioned November 10, 1871.

Q. See if this is the check that you refer to (shown a check). A. I presume it is; it is my signature; it is Moulton's presented that mortgage before to (shown a check). A. I presume it is; it is my signature; it is dated November 10, 1871.

Q. When giving the first check in June would be the right thing if Tilon's friends would do it.

Q. He did not suggest as to who Tilon's friends were who should do it? A. No, sir.

sir. Q. I think you stated in your direct examination that he never, as I recall, mentioned it to me again, but I did to him once or twice but cannot tell; as

him once or twice but cannot tell; at long spaces after? A. My impression is I should prefer the "once."

Q. You asked him if anything had been done or If snything was going to be done with regard to that mortgage? A. Well, I cannot state distinctly about that; I remember distinctly the motive which actuated me in mentioning it; and I brought it to his memory that I should be ready to fulfill my share in any movement.

he ready to fulfill my share in any move-ment.
Q. You brought the subject up? A. Yes sir, I did.
Q. Fearing that he might have for-gotten it or was too delicate to mention it? A. Yes sir.
Q. Now, sir, up to the time when that \$5,000 was raised by you, as you have stated, had Moulton at any time or place suggested to you anything more than he had suggested in the first instance about the taking up of this mortgage by the friends of Mr. Tilton? A. Not that I recollect.

recollect.

Mr. Beecher continued to testify that

ed with that specification? A. I never did.

Q. Have not you become acquainted with it yet? A. No, sir; it is quite a stranger to me.

Q. As yet? A. No, sir; it is quite a stranger to me.

Q. As yet? A. As yet, sir.

Q. Well, do you mean to say you did not read it? A. I am not acquainted with a man because I hear his name, nor with a paragraph because I have heardit read.

Q. Nor never were made acquainted with that paragraph? A. No sir, I never knew anything about that paragraph.

Q. Although charges were made by a member of your church against yourself and brought before a committee of your church, which did, as you say, do a good deal of conversation between yourself and other members of the church, yet you never heard what that charge was? A. I did not hear what that charge? A. No, that was an after addition.

Q. One moment—After it was added my question covers the whole ground. Did you not hear what that charge was?

A. No sir, I did not hear a word of it.

Q. No one ever intimated that such a charge was in existence? A. Not that I recollect.

Q. Will you say they did not? A. No

you of naving sexual intercourse with his—
Mr. Eyarts—No, no; not that.
Q. Of criminal intimacy with his wife would make no impression on your mind; do you mean to say that? A. I do, sir.
Q. Let me read Mr. Bell's statement:
"Mr. Beecher said he had sent for me because he had heard the day before that there was to be a meeting of the deacons in regard to the matter, and he was very anxious that no meeting should take place, and he wished me to go and see Halliday and see that the meeting should not take place." Do you recollect that?
A. No sir, I do not recollect.
Q. Do you recollect that no such con-

Q. Do you recollect that no such conversation took place? A. I do not recall

knew of it.
Q. When Moulton got the \$5,000 from

## ST. LOUIS.

Sr. Louis, April 20.-Quite a number

St. Paul, Minn, April 20.—Naviga-tion on the Red River of the North is open, and the first boat for Fort Garry will leave Moorhead on Saturday. Im-mense amounts of freight are going forward from this point for Manitobs, including very large purerhases of produce, such as flour, grain, pork, butter, eggs, &c., which are ordered by dealers in that exclusively agricultural region.

## Steamer News.

## FOREIGN NEWS.

New York.

New York, April 20.—Cotton—Dull and easier at 16½,a16½c. Flour—In moderate demand; superfine western and State \$4 75a 485; common to good \$5 00a5 25; good to choice \$4 95a5 80; estru Ohio \$5 05a6 35; white wheat extra \$5 50a6 25; \$1 Louis \$5 25a8 70. RyoFlour—Unchanged. Corn Meal—Stendy at \$4a4 50, Wheat—In good demand; No. 2 Milwaukee \$1 10a1 31; ungraded lowa and Minnesota spring \$1 14a 1 24; winter red western \$1 24a1 28; amber \$1 29a1 31; white \$1 33a1 40. Ryo—Quiet at \$1 00a1 12. Barley—Dull and unchanged. Mait—Quiet and unchanged. Corn—In good demand; mixed western 92a93½c; yellow 93a93½c; Oats—Firm; mixed western 78a75/c; white 75a770. Hay—Firm at 70a75c. Coftee—Firm at 16½,a16½c; Surent-Firm fair to good refining \$2 \$4a84c; prime \$4.6. Molasses—Firm at 75c. Rice—Quiet and unchanged. Whisky—Quiet and Gruer at \$1 14a1 1446. tween Maggeola, editor of the Union, and Rogat, editor of the Pnys, resulted in the wounding of both. The weapons were

## IRELAND.

DUBLIN, April 20.—Mr. Parnell, thome rule candidate, was returned to Parament to-day from Meath.

Cutting his throat, cause unknown.

—A twine factory in Chattanooga county, Ga., burned on Saturday night, Loss \$150,000; insurance \$35,000. Three hundred and fifty worknien are thrown out of employment.

—A Chicago special from Janesville, Wis., says that on Monday Wright & Hunt's leather store and Thomas' meat market were burned. Loss \$12,000; insurance \$50,000.

urance \$6,000.

## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Baltimore.

Baltimore. April 20.—Flour—Quiet and unchanged. Wheat—Steady and firmer at \$1 29a1 52. Corn—Quiet, western mixed \$74c. Oats—Quiet, unchanged and firm. Hay—Dull and unchanged Pork—Steady at \$22 50a23 00. Bulk Meats—Firmer, shoulders \$84,00c: clear yib 123,4214,6, loose. Bacon—Firm; shoulders 10c; clear rib 131(c. Hams—15a154c. Lard—Steady, refined at 16a164c. Butter—New fairly active; choice to extra fine 20a29c; good to rrime 20a25c; old dull and nominal. Petroleum—Dull at 63,465/c. Coffee—Strong and unchanged. Whisky—Quiet at \$1.4a115. BY TELEGRAPH. Philadelphia Wool.

Philadelphia Wool—Steady and in fair demand; fine grades firmer; tub washed in 'improved' request and higher; Ohio, Pensylvania and West Virginia XX and above at 55c; X 55c; medium 56a57 ½c; course 505-25 ½c; New York, Michigan, Indiana and western fine 49a52c; medium 55a65c; coarse 50c; combing washed 65a53 ½c; do, unwashed 45a46c; fine unwashed 56a57c; coarse medium nuwashed 41a44c; the washed 55a60c; extra and Merino pulled 46a 50c; No. 1 and superfine pulled 44a49c. New York Money and Stocks.

14.87for 60 days and \$4.90 for sight. GOLD—Stendy at 115½ai115¼. Carrying ates were 1 to 2 per cent. Borrowing 1a2 Assistant Trensurer disbursed \$310,000.

GOVERNMENTS-Strong.

Pittsburgh.

Pitrisuunoii, April 20.—Wheat—Firmer and prices unchanged. Corn—In moderate demand at 806 for shelled; 808226 for mixed to prime yellow, free in elevator. Petro-leum—Dull; crude \$1 65 at Parker's; re-fined 44c, Philadelphia delivery.

and 6 rmer at \$1 Ma1 14½.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, April 20.—Cotton—Dull at 15½c. Flour—Steady, \$5 35a5 50. Wheat —Active at \$1 15a1 20. Corn—Qulet at \$1.78 arke. Data—Firm at 68a70c. Bye—Quiet at \$1.78. Rarley—Fall at \$1.45a1 55. Linseed Oil—Firm at 75c. Eggs—Quiet at 14a 15c. Butter—Active: best grades 28a30c. Cheese—Firm at 15½c; sales 300 tierces. Bulk Meats—Demand fair and market firm at \$3¼ at 11½a12c. Bacon—Steady with a moderate demand; sales at 9½a12½a13½c. Whisky—Demand fair and market firm at \$1.12. Hogs—Firm; range \$7 35a8 55.

Baltimore.

Philadelphia Wool.

## NOTICES.

MHERLING, W. VA., April 6, 1875.

Scaled proposits will be received at this office until Thursday, 22d day of April, 1875, at now, for the Masonry, Hip-liap, Greditation and Superstructure of a livings across. W beeling Creek, near Time Masonry, will be first-class range rock work, in cement mortar, about 469 perches.

This Hir-Har will will be one foot and a half thick, and hand packed, about 230 cable yards.

This Eminary Market will contain about \$500 cable yards, and will be taken from sites sected by the Superintendent, and disposed of according to his direction, the half in no case to exceed 500 feet. Those Idda shall be by the cable yard of 27 cubic.

The limb opening the above proposals is ex-tended to THUISTAY, A pril 2915.

# NOTICE-

CIVIL, NYDRAULIC AND MINING ENGINEERS,
SUTVEYS, Plans and Estimates for the construction
of Water Works, Railroads and Refigure
and Plans of Mines for Working, Continuent
Paramage, do. Parties contemplating work of the
above nature ore requested the communicate with as,
Office—209 Lineary 57s., Privancials, P.A. 1613

this change of policy? Last year it was thought to be right and proper to raise a considering the expenses entailed upon

icense to sell them should bear its full proportion of the burden. It was agreed on all sides that the increased rates would have the effect to confine the business in more responsible hands, and thus not only give the city more revenue but at the same time do good in other directions. Now without any popular demand to that end. We venture to say that if a vote could be

in favor of retaining the ordinance as it is, and we hope that the First Branch of Council will refuse to concur in the legis-BLAST FURNACES .- We are pleased to learn that the Belmont Mill people are discussing the advisability of completing their furnace and putting it in blast this spring. Their disposition is to do so as they are satisfied that iron can be made at a price that will pay barely

likely that we shall see metal sold at present prices for any great length of Quotations are more likely to go POSTMASTER GENERAL JEWELL, according to the Washington Star, in alluding to

blown in their furnace. The tendency of

"What we want in this department is daylight. I want no secrets concerning it locked up in my breast. If there is anything wrong I want the newspapers to know it; for, as a rule, they denounce fraud of all kinds, and are potent in remedying existing evils. Thieves don't like to be held up to public odium by the press, but the fact that they are all shown up occasionally has a salutary effect on rogues who are about to perpetrate some rascality."

## NEW YORK.

New York, April 20,-The famous ace horse, Kentucky, died on Long Island

Weather Report. WERTHER RESPORT.

WAS DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 20.—8:30 F. M.
PROBASILITIES.
For the Gulf States, Tennessee and th

Nession of the Grand Com-mandery.

Vickssuro, April 20.—The Grand Commandery of Knights Templar of the State of Mississippi are in session here. Magnolia Commandery of Vicksburg are an excursion to the Grand Commandery on the steamer Natchez. About 250 Knights with their families and a large number of invited quests are on board.

sented.

To-morrow there will be a parade of the Knights Templar, and also the annual parade of the Fire Department.

Constitution of the Presbyterian Confederation.

year before. Now it is proposed to reduce them one-half, and thus de-prive the city of the handsome in-

Committee on Overture, choose associates not delegates and invite them to sit and deliberate, &c.

Arr. IV. Power of Council. While it has power to determine what Presbyterian Churches shall be allowed to join the Confederation, shall not interfere with the internal order or plan of any church, but shall take up such evangelist subjects as have been committed to the church by her great head. Topics may be brought before it by any church which is a member of the Confederation, or by members of the Council, on being transmitted by the Committee on Overtures. Decisions and recommendations of Council shall be transmitted to the Supreme Court of the several churches, and be entitled to receive respectful consideration.

Arr. V. The objects of the Council shall seek to help all weak and struggling Churches, to promote the freedom of

districts; religious instruction for the young, sanctification of Sabbaths, suppression of intemperance and other great provailing vices, systematic beneficence, and the overthrow of infidelity and Roman-

Louanspour, Ind. A pril 20.—For several months the railronds centering here have been the victims of a series of robberies of merchandise. Yesterday morning it was discovered that several cars on the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis Railroad here had been broken open. The police tracked the thieves, and last night arrested four. To-day four more

New York, April 20.—At a quarter before 11 o'clock Judge Nelhon entered the court room, escorting Hon. Cyrus W. Field to a seat on the beach.

Mr. Beecher took the stand and the cross-examination was continued. Ho testified: After a night's reflection I do not regard Mr. Tilton as making charges of improper proposals against me, except in a general way, he did not charge me with the offense before; he stated that his wife charged me.

ning through his life. The witness said this suspicion referred to the manner in which men would regard his moral conduct.

I expected to clear myself by silence. I thought I should have to meet a divided church, that there was no method of investigating the matter other than by the Congregational Church, and that there would be a strong feeling against the Church. I meant by "stepping down and out" to resign. I thought then that my crime was winning this woman's affections and destroying the household. It was either in November or December, 1872, that I was called to hear the "True Story" read. After Tilton read the first passage I thought if I could stand that could stand the whole of it. The reason I did not deny it when this charge was read to me was because that was not my way of dealing in matters of such kind. I saw Mrs. Moulton about that time, and was in great trouble of mind; I said to her that Tilton wanted to be a hero before the public; I did not lie down on the sofa; I heard but part of Mrs. Moulton's testimony; do not recollect her saying that she kissed me; I never said to her that she seemed to me like a section of the day of judgment; I will swear that I used no expression that might or could be construed that way; there was nothing passed between her and me about a confession to the church; I remember when I was testifying about the statement of Mrs. Moulton about that tise the word mot of her own accord; what I meant was that she was influenced by her husband; I was prepared to resign when the worst charges were proposed to be pushed against me; the resignation referred to in my statement was prepared in May, 1873; the one I proposed issing if the worst charges were proposed to be pushed against me; the resignation referred to in my statement was prepared in May, 1873; the one I proposed issing if the worst charges were proposed to be pushed against me; the resignation referred to in my statement was prepared in May, 1873; the one I proposed issing if the worst charges were proposed to be pu

the 2d of June, Kinsella came to my hous in consequence of an arrangement with Moulton, we talked about Tilton and hi

in consequence of an arrangement with Moniton, we talked about Titton and his affairs; a card was prepared which was published that diernoon; I left Brooklyn at half-past 10, and reached the office of the Christian Union at 11 o'clock; I am positive and will swear I was not at Moniton's on the 2d of June, 1873; I did not approve Moniton's plan in regard to doing away with the effect of the Bacon letter; I was done with it; that it had come to an end; I do not think I said to any person I had lost confidence in Moniton's general-ship; I did not in August, 1874, entertain the idea I had lost confidence in Moniton; It was on June 2, 1874, that I first heard of General Butler coming into the case; I did not say to Bowen that Butler would be the Moses who should lead me through the wilderness, or that he was great man; I never communicated with Cen. Butler; I never remember seeing Builler at Tracy's house; the first walk I had with Mrs. Titton was in the summer of 1871, when I met her in the street aches the summer of 1871, when I met her in the street aches in the summer of 1871, when I met her in the street aches in the summer of 1871, when I met her in the street aches in the summer of 1871, when I met her in the street aches in the summer of 1871, when I met her in the street aches in the summer of 1871, when I met her in the street aches in the summer of 1871, when I met her in the street aches in the summer of 1871, when I met her in the street aches in the summer of 1871, when I met her in the street aches in the summer of 1871, when I met her in the street aches in the summer of 1871, when I met her in the street aches in the summer of 1871, when I met her in the street aches in the summer of 1871, when I met her in the street aches in the summer of 1871, when I met her in the street aches in the summer of 1871, when I met her in the street aches in the summer of 1871, when I met her in the street aches in the summer of 1871, when I met her in the street aches in the summer of 1871, when I met her in the str

duty in giving this money? A. Not a word.
Q. Was it entirely voluntarily on your part? A. Entirely upon his suggestion; anything of this kind was always suggested to me in the most delicate manner, and I always responded to it promptly feeling that I was co-operating with him.
Q. You know how much in the aggregate you gave to Moulton for Besie Turner's shooling? A. No, sir, I don't.
Q. Did you keep an account of it? A. None whatever; I never kept an account in my life.
Q. Well, now, with regard to this mortgage, when was that subject first broached to you? A. It never was directly broached to me. I had returned in the spring from a western tour and I told Moulton I had had a fortunate tour and made \$12,000. That gave rise to some cohversation about how fortunate I was as compared with the condition of Titton.

Did you suggest to Moulton at that

Q. When was that brought up? A. In the early days of 1871.
Q. How early? A. Not later than the middle of January.
Q. And who suggested it. A. He did. I had known it at a previous date and had vehemently urged Tilton, while he was in prosperity, to take up that mortgage; I gave him fatherly advice about matters; I supposed that it had been taken up.

Q. You did not suppose it from what Moulton said to you? A. No.
Q. In what terms did Moulton make known to you that a mortgage existed there? A. In a genial conversation as to the condition of Tilton and his family, and how ho should best be helped; that was the general way in which it came in; he suggested that there was a mortgage on his property and that it ought to be lifted, and that he ought to make it over to Elizabeth and the children; I understood simply that it was an act of kind-

Q. After he had mentioned this mortgage to you and suggested that if it were taken up he would convey the property unincumbered to Mrs. Tilton? A. He did not say that; he said that he could persuade Tilton to do it.

Q. What did you reply? A. That I would be willing to stand in my place and do my nart?

recollect.

Mr. Beecher continued to testify that the money on Tilton's house was paid over May 1, 1873. He had several conversations with Moulton in respect to the affairs of the Golden Age and Tilton. Mr. Moulton thought the paper was indispensable to Tilton's salvation, as he must have some work to do. There was considerable talk among Tilton's friends of putting the paper on a prosperous footing. Moulton introduced the matter, and drew a letter from his pocket and read from it, which were a statement from a friend that a cash check of \$2,000 had been sent and also two time drafts. Moulton mentioned that the two drafts were about equal in amount with the cash payment. He also said that he would not use the draft; witness understood that the cash had been paid for the purpose, Moulton brought his hand down on his knee and said, "That's what I call friendship;" witness took an interest in having the Golden Age succeed as did Moulton; he did not recognize Moulton's action as a hint to him, he felt it to be a hint when he got home to contribute witness was his nontribution to the Golden. Perinville, P.A., April 20.—A meeting of the Executive Board of Miners and Laborers' Benevolent Association has been called to convene at Potsville on any parties of the Executive Board of Miners and Laborers' Benevolent Association has been called to convene at Potsville on any parties of the Executive Board of Miners and parties of the Executive Board on the Miners the Executive Board on the Executive Board on the Miners the Executive Board on the Mi

Q. Had you no intimation from any quarter that she had? A. Not a shadow.
Q. When did you first pay out any money in reference to Bessie Turner? A. I never made any inquiry as to that I have it my memorandum, June 23.
Q. And what amount did you pay at that time? A. I could not say.
Q. How did you make the advance?
A. Through Moulton.
Q. Do you keep a check book; A. I do keep a check book; A. A. I do keep a check book; A. I do keep a check book; A. A. I do kee

recollect.
Q. Will you say they did not? A. No
I will not say that, at that time it made
no impression on my mind.
Q. A charge that Tilton had accused
you of having sexual intercourse with
his—

versation took place? A. I do not recall it sir.
Q. Do you mean to deny that that conversation occurred between you and Mr. Bell? A. I do not mean to deny or affirm it; I mean to say that I have no recollection of it.
Q. You paid the money without finding fault with anybody? A. Without finding the slightest fault.
Q. Or thinking that you had in any way been taken advantage of? A. I did not dream of it.
Q. Or imposed upon? A. Or imposed upon. When I say that of course you understand me to say that this applies to to my thoughts about Moulton.
Q. Yes, certainly. Now I must ask you again whether you have no means of getting at the exact sum which you contributed? A: No, sir; I have not.
Q. Well, did you think that Tilton had any agency in getting his money at that time, that is any sum that you paid? A. Well, no agency that I know of; the knowl of the courred to me at times that he knew of it.

Sr. Lours, April 20.—Quite a number of gentlemen connected with completed and projected narrow gauge railroads in Illinois, Iowa and Indiana, accompanied by ladies, are here, and will take a trip to-morrow on the new Cairo & St. Louis narrow gauge road, to examine its construction and observe its workings.

An unknown negro visited the house of a wealthy farmer, Thos. Newkirk, living S miles from Tipton, Missouri, last Saturday, during the absence of the male members of the family and attempted to ravish Mrs. Newkirk. One of Mrs. Newkirks is a state of the same of the family and attempted to ravish Mrs. Newkirk. One of Mrs. Newkirks is a state of the same of the family and attempted to ravish Mrs. Newkirk. One of Mrs. Newkirks and closed at 23%,023%, Lake Shore, Northwestern and St. Paul were brother, a boy 17 years old, working in an adjoining field, while another daughter, only 10 years old, seized a pick-axe lying in the yard and dealt the negro ablow on the head. The negro was followed by the son with a shot gun. The pursuit was kept up for seven miles, when he was overtaken. Four loads of hird shot were fired into him, but he was not through his lungs which brought him down, and from the effects of which he died in a short time.

Navigation Opened.

St. Paul, Minn, April 20.—Navigation on the Red River of the North is open, and the first bont for Fort Garry will leave Moorhead on Saturday. Immense amounts of freight are going forward from this point for Manilobs, including very large purenasses of produce, such as flour, grain, look. Indice, ergs.

NEW YORK, The steamer Boston, arrived from Liverpool.
Baisrow, Esc., April 20.—Arrived—
Steamer Great Western from New York. —J. E. Redfield, of Connecticut, has been appointed by the United States Court at Little Hock, Ark, receiver of the Pine Bluff & Chicot and Mississippi, Ouschita & Red River Railroad.

Ouachita & Red River Railroad.

—Attorney General Little of Ohio has filed an information in guo surrenso in the Supremo Court, and the sheriffs of Fairfield and Hunselton counties were ordered to serve the papers on Messra. Howe and Chidlow, the Commissioners of the Reform Farm School who refuse to turn over that institution to the new Commissioners recently appointed by Governor Allen, on the ground that the Governor had no authority to appoint Commissioners at this time. Tolento.

Tolento, April 20.—Flour-Steady and in moderate demand. Wheat-Steady and in moderate demand: Wheat-Steady and in moderate demand; No. 1 white Michigan \$1 22½; amber \$4 19½; seller May \$1 20½; seller July \$1 20; No. 1 red \$1 21at 21½; No. 2 \$1 19at 19½; seller May \$1 34½; seller June \$1 23; seller July \$1 70; rejected red \$1 07. Outs-Steady in moderate demand, and unchanged. Corn-Steady and in moderate demand; high mixed 75a75½c; seller May 75½c; seller June 75½c; low mixed 74½a74½c; no grade 74a74½c.

Chicago.

Chicago, April 20.—Flour — Dall and nominal.

Wheat — Dull and nominal.

No. 1 spring \$1 0 dat 05; No. 2, \$1 00 spot; \$1 01½ seller May; \$1 0332 seller Jung; No. 3, \$50; rejected 90e.

Coru—Dull and unsettled; No. 2 mixed 70½ arabje, spot; 73½ bid seller May or June.

Oats—Dull and nominal; No. 2, 50e spot; 60½ bid seller Jung; No. 2, 50e spot; 60½ bid seller Jung.

Rye—Demand active and advanced; No. 1, \$1 04. Barley—Dull and unsettled; No. 2 cash nominal; \$1 15 seller April; \$1 10 seller May. Timothy Seed—Quiet and unchanged. Clover Seed—Stoady and unchanged, Pork—Dull and declined at \$21 70 spot or seller May; \$22 00 seller Jung; \$22 30 sellor July.

Lari—Demand active and advanced at \$15 62½ al5 65 seller May; \$15 89½ al5 65 seller Jung; \$16 seller July, Bulk Meats—Demand fair and market firm. Whisky—Firm at \$1 12.

On call board wheat was higher at \$1 01½ May; \$1 03½ June. Corn—½ch higher. Oats—Unchanged. Pork—\$21 00 May; \$22 22½ June; \$22 50 July. Lard 50 hisher.

New York. ENGLAND. LONDEN, April 20.—Dr. Keneally appeared in the Guild Hall of Justice room to-day in response to a summons issued at the instance of Mr. Wright, editor of the Advertiser, charging him with libel. The room was filled with friends of the Doc-

third. The betting was four to one against the winner.

The Mark Lane Express, in its weekly review, says of wheat, there have been larger arrivals and in better condition without the market being shaken, although a heaviness yet remains. Some markets note better prices, but not sufficient to influence London quotations, which are almost at the bottom.

LONDON, April 21.—530 A. M.—The Daily New correspondent at St. Petersburg reports that a plot has been discovered in Khiva for the massacre of all the Russians in Khunate. The Russian papers accuse Enur, of Afghanistan of complicity. It is thought that millitary operations have already been ordered by Russia.

Pants, April 20.-A duel yesterday be

Condensed Telegrams. —Sir Joseph Hawley, well known in connection with the British turf, is dead. —Jacob Byers a cigar maker at Cleve-land, O., yesterday commited suicide by cutting his throat. cause unknown.

murance \$6,000.

—The municipal election at Cairo, Ills., passed off quietly. Henry Winter was elected Mayor by about 15 majority and B. F. Blake, Treasurer. The candidates all ran independent of politics.

NEW YORK, April 20.—MONEY—Easy at 3a4 percent. Mercantile paper, 434 per cent for choice and 5a634 per cent for prime. STERLING EXCHANGE-Firm at \$4.86%

New York Dry Goods.

New York, April 20.—This being a Hebrew holiday, business was restricted in all branches of trade. Cotton goods quiet, but the leading makes firm at current rates. Plaid, light chocolate and shirting prints in fair demand, but padded grounds quiet. Washington and Bristol special reduced to 9 cents. Ginghams in short supply. Dress goods and shawls dull. Woolen goods for men's wear remain quiet.

Rew of it.

Q. When Moulton got the \$5,000 from you didn't he tell you he should not tell Titton where it came from ? A. I do not recollect about that.

Q. I wish you would tax your recollection upon that subject now. Didn't he say to you that he should not inform Tilton of the source from which that sun came? A. I don't recollect about that.

Q. Well, don't you think something took place upon that subject? A. All that I recall now is that he should husband that and feed it out to Tilton carefully and judiciously.

Q. Yes, and you believed he would do so, didn't you? A. I did, and I believed him to be as good a friend as need be.

Q. And he did not say anything about concealing the source from which it came that you recollect? A. I do not recall that he did.

Q. Well, did you think that Theodore with the time of the day of from \$1 to \$5 on the understanding that parties connected with the Union Pacific road had agreed to supply the Cleveland. CLEVERIAND, April 20.—Wheat—Weak and unchanged, Corn—Heavy and un-changed, Oats—Dull and unchanged, Pe-troleum—Firm; standard white, car lots, 113(c; Ohio State test 123(c; small lots 1a2o higher. Q. Well, did you think that Theodore Tilton, up to the time you paid the \$5,000, was levying blackmail upon you in any way? A. I cannot say that I thoughtso. There is less activity at the Fifth Street.

Horse Market. The sales for the past week foot up 420 head, chelily light and medium horses. One car load was made up for West Virginia, prices, \$100 to \$120; one car load for Ealimore, prices, \$35 to \$115, and one car load for Lynchburg, Va., prices, \$115 to \$140.

Cinciunati Rata and the load of the short luterest.

Mail sold as high and the street of the days of the short luterest.

Philadelphia.

Toledo,

# O CONTRACTORS.

Anose hids shall be by the cable yard of 27 cubbe-fett. RUPERSTRUCTURE will be wrought from, with wrought trust floor beams, two pages of 100 feet each, in the clear, 13-feet wide, in the clear, with a factor of safety of five (5) for a distributed load of 100 prounds per square foot hesides the weight of the bridge. Hidders will examine for themselves the location of the proposed work, so that no mismacleritanding may exist in regard to the nature of the work to be dome. Philadelphia.

Philadelphia.

Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, April 20.—Petroleum—

Easy at 13/gal4e for refined and 9/gc for crude, closing quiet. Clover Seed—In good demand at 12/gal3e/for western; timothy \$2.00, flax seed \$1.00. Flour—Quiet and firm; Wisconsin and Minnesota family \$6.00a0 75. Pennsylvania, Indiana and Ohio \$5.26a0.00; high grades \$6.50a7.00. Wheat—Dull and unchanged. Corn—Inactive.

Dull and unchanged. Corn—Inactive.

Oats—Steady demand at 73c for white: 69a 71c for mixed. Provisions—Steady. Pork —\$22.00a22.25. Beef Hams—\$18.00a22.00.

Pickled. Hams—12/gal2/gc. Butter—Unsehaged. Cheese—Steady and higher; fine 16/gal6/gc. Eggs—Firm; western at 16/ga 17c. Whisky—\$114.

The committee appointed by the County Court of Marshall county, West Virginia, at its last facultiers, it is lest facultiers, it is lest facultiers, it is lest facultiers, it is into consideration the question of removining the receiver glast Court House for assistance of the country of the resulting the resulting of the result

WM. BLAKE, Moundsville, H. S. WHITE, Patton, WM. GEUIL, Rosby's Rock. EDEBURN & COOPER,